Num. 4035

The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Thurſday, Auguſt 21, 1746.

From the London Gazette Extraordinary.

Whitehall, Auguſt 15, 1746.

YESTERDAY in the Evening arrived a Meſſenger diſpatched by Mr Villettes, his Majeſty's Miniſter at the Court of the King of Sardinia, with Letters to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, containing the following Accounts of the total Defeat of the French and Spaniſh Forces on the 10th inſtant, N. S. upon the River Tidone, and of the Surrender of Placentia.

From the King of Sardinia's Camp of Borghetto, the 11th of Auguſt, N. S.

THE Motions of the King of Sardinia, with a conſiderable Body of the Army on the other Side of the Po, having obliged the Enemy to abandon ſucceſſively their Poſts of Marignano, Lody, Chignolo, St. Columbano, and others which they had between the Lambro and the Adda, and to draw nearer to their Intrenchments at Placentia and upon the Po, determined them at laſt to take a deſperate Reſolution, which was that of paſſing the Po, in order to attempt a Retreat towards Tortona. For that Purpoſe they drew down their Boats which they had upon the Lambro, and brought up the Po thoſe which they had at Placentia, and with them laid two Bridges over the Po, between the Mouth of the Lambro and that of the Tidone, near the Caſſines called la Corta di St. Andrea. They were finiſhed the 9th in the Evening, and their ſeveral Bodies, which had been poſted at different Places, being drawn together at the ſaid Bridges, the Army began to paſs over them that ſame Evening, and all the Night between the 9th and 10th.

General Botta having Notice, from the Parties which patrolled along the Po, of the laying of the ſaid Bridges, and that the Enemy had began to paſs over them, detached on the 9th, about 6 of the Clock in the Evening, General Count Serbelloni, with a Body of between 6 and 7000 Men, who marched with all poſſible Expedition. The ſaid General met on the Road Major General Count Gorani, who not having been able to make Head againſt the Enemies that had already paſſed, was returning with his Detachment, and another of 300 of our Horſe and Dragoons, commanded by the Chevalier Orechia, Major of the Dragoons of Piedmont. They joined General Serbelloni, and returned to the Enemy's Bridges, where being ranged in Order of Battle, they began to engage, and maintained their Ground with that ſmall Body till 10 the next Morning, when General Botta, who had marched at Midnight with all the regular Troops, arrived upon the Tidone. Then the Battle was renewed with much more Fury, and laſted till 4 in the Afternoon. The Enemy retiring in great Diſorder, and breaking in one upon another, the Slaughter was very great, and eſpecially of the French. The Auſtrians loſt on their Side between 3 and 4000 Men, amongſt whom General Bernclau was left dead upon the Field of Battle, univerſally lamented. General Pallavicini was wounded on the Head, Serbelloni in the Thigh, Gorani in one Hand, Fochter in the Knee, and Andlau was likewiſe wounded. There are ſeveral more Officers killed or wounded, particularly amongſt the Foot, who have ſuffered the moſt. But the Loſs of the Enemy has been four times as great. The Deſerters and Priſoners give out that it exceeds that which they ſuſtained at the Battle of Placentia, but as yet no exact Account can be given of it. What is certain is, that we have taken from them 19 Pieces of Cannon, between 60 and 70 Officers, and 900 Soldiers Priſoners, 20 Colours and Standards, 9 of which were taken by our Detachment of Horſe and Dragoons, who began the Attack firſt, and have diſtinguiſhed themſelves in the moſt particular Manner. It is aſſured, that the greateſt Part of the Artillery which the Enemy had with them has been thrown into the Po, or left in the Buſhes, as well as a great Part of their Equipages. The Remainder of their Army has taken the Route of Stradella.

They have left no more than 700 Men at Placentia, to guard the Caſtle, and as it is ſaid, 11000 ſick in the Town, which is filled with vaſt Magazines. 'Tis likewiſe given out that they have drawn out of it no more than 25 Pieces of heavy Cannon, ſo that there are ſuppoſed to be about 75 remaining. They have burnt the Bridges they had between that Town and the Intrenchments on the other Side of the Po, as well as the two new ones over which they paſſed.

This Account was brought to the King this Morning by the Chevalier Montoya, Adjutant General, who was ſent by General Botta. Count Caſtiglione has been diſpatched to Vienna to carry the News to their Imperial Majeſties.

The King thereupon ſent General Brown in a Ferry-boat over the Po, to confer with General Botta, and concert with him the March of the Armies for the Purſuit of the Enemy, and to ſettle what Body ſhould remain in order to the Reduction of Placentia, which cannot hold out long. His Majeſty has already appointed, on his Part, Major General Brigueraſque, with the Brigade of Piedmont, to be left for that Service. At the ſame time he has ſent Lieutenant General Prince Picolomini, with ſeveral Companies of Grenadiers, to aſſiſt in harraſſing the Enemy, till ſuch time as the Grand Army can march.

Pavia, Aug. 14. N. S. The Action of the 10th inſtant laſted near 14 Hours, and was as hot and violent a one as was ever known. The Enemy's Loſs in the Battle is

computed to amount to above 10,000 Men, killed, wounded, and taken Prisoners. The Marquis de Gages is slightly wounded in the Leg. The Day after the Action General Nadasti was sent by Marquis Botta, to summon Placentia to surrender; upon which the Officer commanding there, immediately offered to capitulate, and the same Day delivered up the Town and Citadel to the Imperial General. There were found there, including the Garrison and the sick, and those which had been wounded in the former Action of the 16th of June, about 9000, who are all made Prisoners of War; and vast Magazines of all Kinds, together with between 60 and 70 Pieces of Cannon, 40 Mortars, and all the Train and Tackle belonging to them. The Loss on the Side of the Imperialists is now computed to be not above 2000. We are further informed by Letters from the Army on the other Side the Po, that in pursuing the Enemy they had picked up the best part of the Artillery which they had left after the Action, and that the Enemy retires with the utmost Precipitation and Disorder towards Tortona. In the mean time their Deserters come in daily on both Sides the Po by Hundreds; and it is plain by these several Circumstances, that they must be reduced to so small a Number, that there is no Probability of their making a Stand at Tortona, but rather that they will hasten into the Riviera of Genoa, and only leave a Garrison in that Town sufficient to amuse us a few Days. Marquis Botta's Army is in March towards Tortona, in the Neighbourhood of which it will soon join that commanded by the King of Sardinia and General Brown, which last are to pass the Po near this City early To-morrow Morning, in order to follow the Enemy.

Since our last arrived a Holland Mail.

From the London Gazette, Aug. 16.

From the Camp at Viler, Aug. 13. N. S. Seven Battalions of the Garrison of Namur have joined us.

Camp at Viler, Aug. 17. Advice is just brought from Marshal Barbiani's Quarters, that the Enemy, who have been for three Days past in continual Motion, are advancing towards us, which gives us the greatest Reason to expect a general Engagement very soon. We have lately had good Success in our Skirmishes. Some Days ago two Squadrons of French Horse, with the Lieutenant Colonel and 7 oth r Officers, were made Prisoners, and the greatest Part of Egmont's Dragoons cut to Pieces, and 14 Officers of that Regiment taken. Yesterday Morning there was a smart Engagement on our Left, in which our Irregulars and Free Companies kill d and took Prisoners several of the Enemy, with the Loss only of two Men on our Side. Lord Garnick, who is Aid de Camp to Lord Crawford, was Yesterday mistaken for a Frenchman by our Hussars, who fired on him. In endeavouring to escape from them he fell into the Hands of the Enemy, and was carried before Marshal Saxe, who immediately released him.

Hague, Aug. 19. Letters of the 16th from the Camp of the Allied Army near Namur inform us, that Marshal Saxe, after having sent off a large Detachment on the 13th Instant, had the next Day broken up his Camp and marched to the Left, whereupon our Army made a Motion to the Right towards the Mehaigne, by the Way which leads by Tourine les Beguines to St. Tron and Tongres. A Courier from the King of Sardinia to his Minister here, who left that Prince's Head Quarters on the 9th Instant, N. S. brings Advice, that his Sardinian Majesty had passed the Lambro at the Head of his own Troops, and Count Brown's Detachment, and dislodged the Enemy from all their Posts upon that River, as low as Hospidaletto, and that M. de Gages had likewise abandoned Lodi and Codogno, and was drawing his whole Force together on the Po, over against Placentia, and throwing up Intrenchments to guard his Bridges of Communication with that Place, into which it was thought he would soon be obliged to retire. The Report of the Infant's having left the Army is not confirmed.

Hague, Aug. 22. By our Advices from the Allied Army of the 18th Inst. it was then posted along the Southern Side of the Mehaigne; and had passed all the preceeding Day under Arms, expecting an Attack from the French, who had appeared drawn up in Order of Battle on the opposite Side of that River. Marshal Saxe did not push his March, at the farthest, beyond St. Tron, before he faced about, and drew up to the North Side of the Mehaigne. Brigadier General Houghton, with the Regiments of Wolf, Pulteney and Sempil, passed by Helvoetsluys last Saturday on their Way from Leith to Willemstadt, where they arrived the same Night.

Hague, Aug. 23. By Letters from the Army of the 20th Instant, Marshal Saxe had advanced his Left, as Prince Charles had his Right, lower down the Mehaigne, the former having his Head Quarters at Hennuye, and the latter his at Bourdenes. The Report of Marshal Saxe's being declared Generalissimo, is now as confidently contradicted, as it was lately affirmed; and it is represented only as an Expedient which the French King had once entertained Thoughts of, for putting an End to the Contest between that General and the Prince of Conti; but which has fallen to the Ground by the latter's withdrawing himself from the Army. Letters of the 15th from Italy mention, that the King of Sardinia was then repassing the Po, and General Botta had advanced to Castel St. Giovanni. The poor Remains of the French and Spaniards were said to have fled beyond Tortona, abandoning the Baggage and Artillery in their precipitate Retreat.

From Wye's Letter, London, Aug. 16.

The Earl of Kilmarnock and Lord Balmerino will on Monday next appear on the Scaffold at Tower-Hill in Flannel Waistcoats, white woollen Stockings, Flannel Drawers, and Scots Plaid Gowns; and after their Execution, they will be put in Coffins, and interred in the Tower, near the Remains of the late Marquis of Tullibardine.

In all Parts of the City Congratulations pass on the Change of Affairs, and the Prospect thereby of obtaining an honourable, safe and lasting Peace.

The Action in Italy upon the River Tidone lasted near 14 Hours, and was as hot and violent as ever was known. The Enemy's Loss in the Battle is computed to amount to 10000 Men, killed, wounded and Prisoners; the Loss

on the Side of the Imperialiſts to be not above 2000. 'Tis not doubted but this great Succeſs will be made a proper Advantage of againſt the French in the enſuing Treaty.

From the General Evening Poſt, Aug. 16.

Paris, Auguſt 19. The Prince of Conti, and the Count de Clermont, 'tis ſaid, are both baniſhed from Court; the firſt is already retired to the Caſtle of Iſle Adam, and the latter is ordered to live in Exile at Auvergne.

Hague, Aug. 23. By Letters from Italy of the 15th, we have Advice that the French and Spaniſh Troops which eſcaped, have paſſed Tortona, and entred the State of Genoa.

LONDON, *Aug.* 16.

Tueſday next is the Day appointed for the Meeting of the Congreſs at Breda, for ſettling the Preliminaries, in order for a general Peace. The Earl of Sandwich 'tis ſuppoſed got there on Sunday laſt.

We are told by our Correſpondent at the Hague, the three great Points to be conſidered in the enſuing Congreſs are, 1. Cape Breton. 2. The Settlement of Don Philip. 3. A new Barrier.

We hear that 1500 Horſe and Foot will attend the Execution of the Earl of Kilmarnock and Lord Balmerino on Monday next on Tower-Hill.

From the London Evening Poſt, Aug. 16.

Copenhagen, Aug. 12. The Scots Officers that were taken up and confined at Bergen in Norway, have not made their Eſcape out of Priſon, as hath been reported, but have been releas'd by Order of the late King; and we hear they are arriv'd at Gottenbourgh in Sweden.

Louvain, Aug. 18. The French Army having march'd from Walhain the 14th Inſtant in the Night, took Poſt about Pervis, Torbais, St. Tron, and Tourine-les-Beguines, where Marſhal Saxe has fixed the Head-Quarters. The Prince of Conti's Army occupys the Camp of Gembloux, at Hand to join the Marſhal, who, as we hear, was to reſume his March as laſt Night. We have Advice that the Lieutenant-General Count Lowendahl has been detach'd with a Body of between 15 and 20,000 Men, but it is not ſaid whither.

Hague, Aug. 23. This Evening the Imperial Miniſter receiv'd a Courier from the Camp of the Allies at Brabant, with Advice that the two Armies were in Motion, continually marching and countermarching, and the Light Troops on both Sides exerciſing themſelves in their uſual Way: The Allies were in the Neighbourhood of Longchamp and Bonef, and the French near Ramillies.

Paris, Aug. 15. Notwithſtanding the Reports of an approaching Peace, which are ſeemingly well grounded, Officers are ſtill repairing from hence to the Army in the Netherlands, whither the Duke de Penthierve, High Admiral of France is likewiſe gone. The Maſters of ſeveral Ships lately arrived at Nantes, report that they fell in with the Fleet commanded by the Duke d'Anville, which, as near as they could gueſs, was ſteering for Acadia. Our Advices from Nantes add, that ſome Privateers were juſt arrived there, as well as at St. Malo, the Captains of which declare, that they had been out as far as the Weſtern Iſles of Scotland, where they learned that Prince Edward was not only in that Kingdom, but that far from ſeizing the Opportunities he had to get off, he had run through moſt of the ſaid Iſlands, in hopes of finding Partiſans therein, and then returned into the Mountains of Lochaber. His Brother Prince Henry, is ſtill at the Caſtle of Navarr, a Country Seat belonging to the Duke of Bouillon.

Paris, Aug. 12. The Spaniſh Ambaſſador has procured Orders to be diſpatched from the War-Office, for the immediate March of 17 Battalions into Italy.

LONDON, *Aug.* 16.

We hear that an Expreſs is diſpatched to the Right Honourable the Earl of Sandwich, ſince the Arrival of the Account of the Defeat of the French, Spaniards, &c. in Italy.

The News of the Princes of the Blood quitting the French Army, to avoid ſerving under the new Generaliſſimo, Count de Saxe, is confirmed, and, it is ſaid, the Duke de Boufflers, and other great Officers, will likewiſe decline ſerving.

On Thurſday laſt, about one o'Clock, Sir John Douglas, Bart. Member of Parliament for Dumfries, was carried to the Tower by one of his Majeſty's Meſſengers.

Yeſterday, at three in the Afternoon, the Lord Lovat came in a Landau to the Tower, under a Guard of a Troop of Ligonier's Horſe, from Barnet, where he lay the Night before.

On Thurſday laſt Dr. Barry, who has been ſome time in Cuſtody of a Meſſenger, was committed to Newgate.

Bank Stock 139. India Stock no Price. South Sea Stock 107 1 half.

From the St. James's Evening Poſt, Aug. 16.

LONDON, *Aug.* 16

Letters from Paris ſay, that the Siege of Charleroi coſt the French only 30 Men killed, and 100 wounded.

The Imperial Train, which is upon the Road for the Netherlands, conſiſts of twenty one Pontoons, and between 20 and 30 Field-pieces.

The only Perſon hitherto preferred by his Catholick Majeſty, is the new Governor of Madrid, who was long in Exile for his ſteady Adherence to the King when Prince of Aſturias.

The Sheriffs of this City have taken the Houſe which ſtands on the Piazza on Tower-Hill, for the Reception of the Earl of Kilmarnock and Lord Balmerino, who are to be beheaded on a Scaffold there next Monday; to which Place they will go in the following Order, viz. When the Sheriffs receive the Priſoners, they give a Receipt to the Gentleman Goaler on receiving their Bodies; and there they will go in a Coach, preceded by a Detachment of Horſe, and brought up by a great Party of Foot, but will alight at the Bar on Tower-Hill, and walk to the Houſe provided for their Reception, through a Lane made by the Horſe and Foot-Guards, and after a ſhort Repoſe, they will be attended to the Scaffold from the Houſe, in the above Manner, and there be executed ſingly in the ſame Method the Earl of Derwentwater and the Earl of Kenmure were in the 1715. The Sheriffs give 100 Guineas to the Company of Mercers for the Uſe of the Houſe (being the ſame made Uſe of in

1715) and the upper Rooms are reserved for the Uſe of the Maſter, Wardens, &c. of the ſaid Company.

EDINBURGH, *Auguſt* 21.

Officers appointed for the Trial of General Oglethorp and Colonel Durand, Sept. 11, 1746.

Gen. Wentworth Preſident,	Col. Fraſer,
Gen. Fuller,	Lord Hary Beauclerk,
Lord Delawar,	Col. Wardour,
Gen. Wolfe,	Col. Braddoch,
Gen. Churchill,	Col. Ruſſel,
Brig. Pawlett,	Col. Kennedy,
Brig. Bing,	Lord Hume,
Brig. Cholmondley.	

General Officers appointed to enquire into the Conduct of Sir John Cope and Brigadier Fowkes.

Marſhal Wade Preſident,	Lord Cadogan,
Duke of Richmond,	Gen. Folliot.
Lord Tyrawley,	

Colonel Whiteford, Major Moſman and Mr. Griffith we hear, are to ſet out this Day for London, to attend the above Court of Enquiry.

'Tis reported, that the Maſter of Lovat has come in to Fort Auguſtus, and ſurrender'd himſelf to Lord Loudon who comands there.

On Tueſday laſt, the Artillery conſiſting of 5 Pieces of Cannon and ſeveral Waggons, eſcorted by a ſtrong Detachment under the Command of Lord George Sackville, arrived at Perth. And

Yeſterday Forenoon, four Regiments under General Huske with ſeveral Priſoners reached Stirling, and are encamped there.

Yeſternight a Party came to Town to eſcorte the Clothing Weſt for the Army.

The Right Honourable the Earl of Albemarle is expected in Town this Day.

This Day, the 16th Day of the Moon, it is high Water at Leith, Forenoon, at 1 o'clock, 54 M. Afternoon, at 2, 18 M. Friday, Forenoon, at 2, 42 M. Afternoon, at 3, 6 M. Saturday, Forenoon, at 3, 30 M. Afternoon, at 3, 54 M.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

☙ It is with Pleaſure that we can inform the Publick, That the Curious and Complete Edition of *FORDUN*'s HISTORY of *Scotland*, with *BOWER*'s Coatinuation, corrected and compared by very able Hands from the *beſt* and moſt *authentick* MSS. which has been interrupted thro' the Confuſions and Calamities of the Times, is now again in the Preſs, and will be publiſhed by *ROBERT FREEBAIRN* the Undertaker with all Expedition.

☙ On Wedneſday the 27th current, ſeveral Sorts of fine FURNITURE and PLENISHING, ſuch as Glaſſes, Sconces, Screens, Mahogony Tables, Tea China, Prints, &c. with a Stack of Hay and a Milch Cow, belonging to the Right Honourable Lady *JANE DOUGLAS*, are to be expoſed to Roup at her Ladyſhip's Houſe at Drumſheugh near Edinburgh. The Roup to begin at 10 o'clock Forenoon, and to continue till all be ſold off. The Inventary may be ſeen at the Houſe any Day before the Roup.

N. B. The above Houſe, conſiſting of 10 Fire-rooms and a Kitchen, with Office-houſes, Yard and Graſs-park, belonging to William Keir Baxter in Edinburgh, poſſeſt by Lady *JANE*, are to be SETT, and may be entred into how ſoon the Furniture is rouped. Any Perſon inclining to take the ſame, may commune with Mr. Keir, or George Turnbull Writer to the Signet.

By Order of the Right Hon. the Lords of Council and Seſſion,

To be SOLD by way of publick Roup to the higheſt Offerer, upon the 19th Day of November next, betwixt the Hours of 2 and 4 Afternoon, within the Parliament or New Seſſion-houſe of Edinburgh before the Lord Ordinary on the Bills for the Time,

The LANDS and ESTATE of *INGLISTON*, lying in the Pariſh of Kirkliſton and Shire of Edinburgh, paying of yearly free Rent the Sum of 2370 l. 5 s. 2 d. Scots Money, reckoning the Victual Rent at the uſual Converſions, beſides Kains and Carriages not valued; which Lands are to be ſet up at 25 Years Purchaſe of the ſaid proven Rental thereof. The Conditions of Roup to be ſeen any time betwixt and the Day of the Roup, in the Hands of John White one of the Depute Clerks of Seſſion, and Clerk to the Proceſs of Sale, or in the Hands of Samuel Mitchelſon Writer to the Signet, at his Writing-chamber in Milne's new Land at the Meal market, Edinburgh.

☙ That there is a Three-end COACH and 6 good Horſes to ſet out from John Somervell's Gun ſmith in Canongate, for York, Scarborough, London, Bath, or any Part on the Road, on the 27th or 28th inſtant. To be performed by S. Brown.

N. B. At the ſame Time and to the aforeſaid Places, a Sett of ſtout Lear-Horſes go off, very fit for driving any Gentleman's Carriage.

To be preſently SETT jointly or ſeparately for a Term of Years,

TWO FARMS belonging to his Grace the Duke of Buccleuch, lying at Eaſt-park (alias Smeton) in the Pariſh of Muſſelburgh.

The arable Land to be entred to at Martinmas next; the Graſs and Dwelling-houſes at Whitſunday 1747.

To be SOLD by voluntary Roup and Sale at Saltpanhall, three Miles Eaſt from Dunbar, on Friday the 22d of Auguſt inſtant, betwixt the Hours of 10 and 12 Forenoon,

Nineteen and a half Hogſheads of SPECK and BLUBBER, taken from a Whalebone Whale lately thrown on Shore at Saltpanhall, near Dunbar. The ſaid Speck and Blubber will be ſhown by Alexander Pringle Merchant in Dunbar at any Time before the Sale: And the Articles of Roup are to be ſeen in the Hands of the ſaid Alexander Pringle at Dunbar, and of William Wilſon junior Writer, at his Houſe in Niddry's Wynd, Edinburgh.

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